The Vote Was 220 to 60, with 180 Repub licans and 39 Democrats in the Affirma-tive and About Equal Numbers of Re-publicans and Democrats in the Negative. WASHINGTON, June 2,- The River and Harbor Appropriation bill was passed over the President's veto to-day by the unexpectedly heavy vote of 220 year to 60 nays. The Republicans, with practical unanimity, and 39 Democrats, with one Populist, made up the affirmative vote, while the negative vote was about equally di-

five Populists voting with them.

The report of the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, recommending the passage of the Ap-propriation bill, "the objection of the President notwithstanding," was presented by Mr. Hookor (Rep., N. V.), Chairman,

wided between the Republicans and Democrats

The report states that of the 417 items of appropriations contained in the bill, all, except twenty-seven, are for projects contained in bills which have become laws, and for works which have been for years in process of con-struction by the Government. No new projects were added to the bill of 1894. "It will thus be seen," the report states, "that the principal work of the committee has been the investigation and examination of improvements to which Congress has repeatedly committed itself. The River and Harbor bill of 1800 appropriated \$25,000,000, and placed certain works under the contract system, which involved the additional expenditure of \$15,000,-000. It appears, therefore, that by far the greater number of projects appropriated for in this bill were also appropriated for in the bill of 1890 and which are not yet completed.

'A careful reexamination of the bill warrants the committee in asserting that there is no foundation for the President's statement that the bill carries appropriations for work which private parties have actually agreed with the Government to do in consideration of their ocenpancy of public property."

Referring to the President's further criticism that the bill contemplates an immediate cash expenditure of nearly \$17,000,000, including \$3,000,000 carried in the Sundry Civil Appro priation bills for contract work, the committee assert that the President is in error, and that only \$12,621,000 are to be expended during the two fiscal years ending June 30, 1898. The statement is also made that the bill does not anpropriate \$62,000,000 for contract work, but only \$50 did non. It is also shown that if all the contracts authorized by the bill are promptly entered into by the Secretary of War, the maximum amount that can be expended in any one year is \$16,012,000, and not \$20,000,000 as the

Passing to the President's accusation of extravagance, the committee show that the average appropriations for the past six years have been \$16,700,000 a year, while including the present bill and the two others for the re mainder of this century the total amount for these six years will only average \$13,000,000 a year. This is based partly upon the ground that the committee's experience with the contract system in the past, together with other knowledge, justifies the belief that the contract work which will be distributed over a period of six years, and amounts to \$50,000,000, will be completed for at least 50 per cent. less than the amount stated, or, in other words, for \$42,000,000. The report repeatedly emphasizes the committee's approval of the contract system as being less expensive to the Government and securing more prompt and satisfactory results. This system is the distinctive feature of the bill, and the committee strongly recommends its continuation.

Mr. Hooker stated that in the opinion of the mainder of this century the total amount for

Mr. Hooker stated that in the opinion of the Mr. Hooker stated that in the opinion of the committee the President's veto raised every possible objection, and it was the intention of the committee by its report to answer them. He said that many gentlemen had spoken to him about discussing the veto, and if he had consented to give them all the time asked for, it would run over three or four days. The matter was one for the House to determine: If it wanted to epigage upon a general debate well

ter was one for the House to determine; if it wanted to engage upon a general debate, well and good. In order to test the sense of the House on the question, and without expressing an opinion as to the desirability of the course in dicated, he would ask the previous particle. Mr. Dockery (lem., Mo) and several other members were on their feet demanding recognition. Mr. Dockery, with great vehemence, denounced the course of the gentleman from New York (Mr. Hooker), shouting:

"The gentleman agreed with me resterday that there should be opportunity for debate. It is unjust, unfair, and unmanly to cet us off this way."

this way."

Mr. Hooker seemed about to yield to Mr. Mr. licoker seemed about to yield to Mr. Dockery's demand, but many members interposed with cries for "the regular order," and the vote on ordering the previous question was taken. It resulted: Ayes, 178; noes, 60. Mr. Dockery demanded the yeas and nays, but could muster only forty-six members to second his demand—not a sufficient number, and that announcement was greeted with derisive cries of triumph from friends of the bill.

The Speaker put the question: "Upon reconsideration, will the House pass the bill, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding?"

withstanding?"
Whereupon Mr. Dockery made another effort to secure a hearing, but the Speaker interposed: "When the House of Representatives has so voted there can be no debate." (Applause). The vote was then taken on the passage of the bill over the President's veto, the Constitution requiring that it should be done by yeas and mays. There were 220 yeas and 60 mays. More than two-thirds having voted in the affirmative, the bill was declared to have passed.

The following Demograts voted to pass the bill over the President's veto.

Messrs. Bankhesd, Berry, Buck, Catchings, Clark

Mesara, Bankhead, Berry, Buck, Catchings, Clark Ala.), Cobb, Cooper (Fig.), Cooper (Tex.), Culberson, Cummings, Denny, Dinsmore, Flictt, Elliott, Fitzgeraid, Cummings, Denny, Binsmore, Flictt, Elliott, Fitzgeraid, McMillin, McCas, Mairer, Lester, Little, McChilloch, McMillin, McCas, Mairer, Larder, Letter, McChilloch, Robertson, Sparkman, Straft, Talbert, Terry, Furner (Os.), Tyler, Underwood, Washington, Williams, and Witson (S. C.)—39.

The negative vote was made up as follows: DESIGNATION MESSES. Allen (Miss.) Bartlett (N. V.), ell (Tex.), Black (Ga.), Clard), Cockrell, Dearmond, tookery, Erdman, Pali (Mo.), Harrison, Hart, Henrick, Jones, Klebert, Layton, Maguire, McClellan, lebearmond, Fendleton, Blehardson, Sayers, Shaw, org, Stallings, Sulter, Tate, Tucker, Turner (Va.), nd Walsh, and Waish,

REFURINGASS—Messra Allen (Utah), Anderson, Andrews, Baker (N. H.), Brown, Carderhead, Connolly,

Gront, Hager, Hainer, Heighern, Leighty, Lincey,
Long, McCa, (Cram. Mecling, McCayan, Pearson,

Pitney, Scranton, Settle, Shafroth, Snerman, Strode,

Tracewed, and Upplegraff. Pitney, Scranton, Settle, Shafroth, Sherman, Strode, Tracewell, and Updegraff, Populary-Messra Baker (Kan.), Bell (Col.), Kem, and Skinner.

Mr. Strowd of North Carolina was the only Populist who voted for the bill.

CHURCHILL CONSUL AT APIA. President Cleveland Appoints a Man from

the Brooklyn Times Staff. WASHINGTON, June 2. - The President to-day sent to the Senate these nominations: William Churchill of New York, to be Consul-General a Apla, Samoa; David N. Burke of New York, to

be Consul-General at Tangier, Morocco.

William Churchill is editor of the Brooklyn Times. He was born in Brooklyn in 1859, and since his graduation from Yale has done much literary work. He is the author of "The Prin cess of Fiji," a novel. Mr. Churchill lived in the South Seas for four years, and speaks Samean and other native languages. He knows Samea well. During his residence at Apia he became friendly with the late Robert Louis Ste-

David N. Burke, who is to be the new Consul-General at Tangler, Morocco, is the present United States Consul at Malara, Snain, and will be transferred from that post to Tangler. He was born in Vermont and appointed to the Malaga Consulate by President Cleveland in November, 1895. At Malaga his salary is \$1,500; at Tangler it will be \$2,000, with con-siderable more in the form of fees.

CAPT. BOURKE SERIOUSLY ILL. The Celebrated Indian Fighter to Undergo

Washington, June 2.—The unexpired portion of the ordinary leave of absence granted Capt. John G. Bourke, Third Cavalry, the celebrated Indian fighter, has been changed to sick leave, to date from May 3. Capt. Hourke is reported to be seriously ill at the house of his father-in-law in Omaha. He obtained leave to accompany his father-in-law to Mexico in March last, and has not returned to his post, Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont. Capt. Bourke will undergo an operation.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 2. - Army and navy orders were issued to-day as follows:

Leave granted Lieut. B. Hovey. Fourth Artillery.
and Capt. William hated. Sixth Cavairy.
Bettrebents were authorized of Col. J. W. Harrizer.
Bubistence bepartment, and Cont. J. CM Chimore.
Eighth Cavairy. Latence of the J. CM Chimore.
Comma under C.J. Train, detached from duty as member of B. Arrisch Artillan revocation and ordered to the Fourth Latentiness district some 2 and as inspector of that above of June 30.
Commander of the little detached from the Fourth Lightbouse district June 30, ordered home, and placed on waiting orders. Lighthouse districtions of the state of the same charge of waiting orders.

Lett. Edward Shupson, ordered to assume charge of branch bydrographic office, light work. June 8.

Passed Assistant Surseon L. L. Von Wedchingt ordered to the Naval Academy.

SCULPTORS FIGHTING MAD. The National Society Discusses the She

The Executive Council of the National Sculp-Society had a meeting last night to consider what steps should be taken to express the society's disapproval of the action of the Monu-ment Committee of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee in accepting the plans of Carl Robl Smith for the Sherman statue in Washington after they had been rejected by a comm. 'ee of the society, whose appointment it had

requested. Sturgis, R. W. Ruckstuhl, D. C. French, Bruce Price, George B. Post, Oliver L. Warner, Thomas Hastings, Herbert Adams, C. R. Lamb, W. C. Brownell, W. T. Evans, and S. C. Avery.

The session lasted over three hours, and most of those present spoke in denunciation of the committee's action. The sentiment was unanimous, and one of the members said that all present were fighting mad over what they considered a crime against American art. After the meeting Secretary Buckstuhl said

After the meeting Secretary Buckstuhl said:

After the meeting Secretary Buckstuhl said:

"The Executive Council of the National Sculpture Society, having heard with surprise and chagrin of the decision of the committee in regard to the proposed Sherman monument to be erected in Washington, have sont lefters of protect to the Secretary of War and to Gen. G. M. Dodge, the President of the committee, and in the mean time are using their best endeavors to secure a public exhibition of the models in New York in such a public pince as will permit an intelligent inspection of them and thus help to secure a connectent revision of the decision."

Mr. Ruckstuhl said that the society would keep up the fight, and, if possible, bring about a reconsideration of the acceptance of Smith's plans. All of the competitors excent Mr. Smith are willing and anxious to exhibit their plans in this city. Mr. Smith has declined to do so at present, on the ground that he is going to Europe soon for the summer.

He has expressed his willingness to exhibit his model in the autumn. This will hardly prove satisfactory to the members of the society, as they wish to have the exhibition take place while public interest in the matter is avoised, and fear that if it is left until fall an indefinite postponement may result. Another effort will therefore be made to induce Mr. Smith to exhibit shortly.

The members of the society are very much stirred up over the matter, which they consider a sort of test case. The purpose in organizing the society was to establish a competent jurisdiction in artmatters, such as exists in European countries.

They were greatly pleased when the committee of the Army of the Turnessee which the

countries.

They were greatly pleased when the committee of the Army of the Tennessee, which, in confunction with Secretary Lamont and Gen. Miles, was authorized to award the commission for the Sherman statue, invited them to appoint a committee to pass upon the plans submitted.

point a committee to pass upon the plans submitted.

The committee awarded prizes to the four best designs and discarded Mr. Smith's as among the inferior ones. They were surprised when Gen. Dodge's committee ordered a new competition between two of the prizes winners. I. Massey Ithind and Carl Itohl Smith, without again requesting their cooperation.

When it was announced that Mr. Smith's plans had been accepted and their recommendations ignored, the members of the society were indignant at the discourtesy to its committee. It has been reported here that Secretary Lamont and Gen. Miles voted against the Smith design and were disgusted with the manner in which the matter had been handled by Gen. Dodge and his friends, and the sculptors believe that if this is so, they may be induced to take action to reopen the whole question.

A general meeting of the National Sculpture Society may be called next week, but on this point nothing was decided last night, and the decision will depend largely upon the replies received to the letters sent to Gen. Dodge and Col. Lamont. These letters will probably be made public to-morrow, after they have been started to the two officers.

THE CROP REPORT.

Rains Have Benefited the Condition of the Various Products.

WASHINGTON, June 2.- The weekly riop reports of the Weather Bureau were to ued to-day: New England-Crops all greetly benefited by abundant rains; much replanting necessary, due to drought and invect pests. New York-Bains too late to save meadows;

winter graits usually short and thin; nights too cool to Jorn. New Jersey-Heavy rains greatly improved all

crop prospects, but considerable damage done in peach districts by high winds. Virginia-Wheat heads filling well and corn growing rapidly.

North Carolina-Cotton, corn, and tobacco excellent. South Carolina-Corn and cotton range from fair to excellent.

Alabama-Cotton healthy and making forms rapidly: corn shooting. Diinois - Land too wet for work; corn cultiva-

Illinois—Land too wet for work; corn cultivation delayed; some replanting necessary; wheat
harvest just beginning in extreme south;
broom corn good stand.
Indiana—Wheat and barley ripening; rye and
oats in best condition; corn stands well; grass
has improved.
Ohio—Wheat maturing rapidly; crop damaged
by fiv and rust; considerable tobacco set.
Manacota—Spring wheat all seeded except
northernmost counties, where soil is yet too
wet; corn mostly planted and germinating
slowly; more sunshine needed.
Iowa—Drying weather needed for completing
corn planting and subduing weeds.
North Dakota—Wheat seeding finished; corn,
oats rye, and barley being planted.

North Dakota—Wheat seeding finished; corn, oats, rye, and barlov being planted.

South Dakota—All vegetation made healthy growth, but cutworms injuring corn. More rain would be beneficial.

Nebraska—Corn planting has been pushed. Small grain a very rank growth.

Kansas—Much rain in eastern part of the State and but little in western part; unfavorable conditions west for grains.

Montana—Week one of sunshine; fruit trees in blossom; ranges gotting splendid start.

California—Crops of all kinds have made rapid improvement; haying is in full blast, and a crop of excellent quality is being harvested; hops are making rapid advancement.

FORTIFICATIONS BILL READY. An Agreement Reached in Conference-The Naval Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, June 2.- Mr. Boutelle (Rep., Me. presented the supplemental conference report upon the Naval Appropriation bill to the House to-day, and it was agreed to. It showed an agreement upon all items save those relat-ing to the number of new battle ships to be authorized, the location and other details of construction of the ships and torpedo boats, and the cost of armor plate. A further conference on these points was ordered.

The report of the conferees on the bill making appropriations for fortifications and coast defences was submitted by Mr. Hainer (Rep., Neb.), but for the lack of a quorum it was not agreed to. As agreed to, the bill authorized the expenditure of \$7.377,888 and contracts amounting to \$4,195,076.

OBITUARY.

Henry B. Hammond, who died at Chestnut Hill, Mass., on May 31, was for many years a resident of New York city. He was born at resident of New York city. He was born at Douglas, Mass., Feb. J8, 1840. He graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1861, and avonce went to Washington as secretary and aide to his uncle, Gen. Mansfield, who was at that time in command of the troops protecting the national capital. Late in 1861 he was sent by President Lincoln to Dublin as l'nited States Consul, and during the critical three years of his consulship rendered great service to the country, and at the same time won the respect and esteem of the people to whom he was accredited. Upon his return to America he entered the office of Evarts. Southmayd & Choats and continued the practice of law in New York till 1881, being in partnership at various times with Judge James Emmet. Albert Stickney, and Gen. H. L. Burnett. The greater part of his time since 1870 has been given to the organization and management of railroads. He was secretary and attorney for the Union Pacific from 1867 to 1873; he became President of the Indiana and Himois Central in 1871; in 1874 he was made general manager of the Roston and New York Air Line, and in 1881 its President; he was receiver of the Chicago, banssille and Vincennes Railroad: in 1881 he was President of the Continental Construction Company; in 1891 he was President of the Continental Construction Company; in 1891 he was President of the Continental Construction Company; in 1891 he was President of the Section of the States. He had a stroke of paralysis in 1893, and since that time has practically retired trom basiness, lie was twice married, in 1860 to Jesephine L. Rates, and in 1887 to Fienore H. Royd. The latter survives him. Douglas, Mass., Feb. 18, 1840. He graduated

MISS STEVENSON WEDDED.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER NOW MRS. HARDIN.

York Avenue Presbyterian Church.

picuous in official and resident circles.

maids were Miss Letitia Scott, Miss Jane Har-

They were girlish gowns of white French mus-

lin made over white silk, the berthas lace

trimmed, and their bouquets were of pink roses. The maid of honor, Miss Letitia Stevenson

wore a gown of pale blue French muslin

made over silk of the same shade, finished

with two lace-trimmed ruffles at the hem, the

bodice cut square, and a girdle of white

satin ribbon, and shoulder knots of the same.

Her bouquet was of white bride roses. Miss

Stevenson entered with her father, the Vice-

President. She is an exceptionally handsome

girl, tall, dark-haired, and dark-eved, and h

Lyon-Vyse.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Vys.

on Fourth street, New Brighton, S. L. yesterday

afternoon, their daughter, Miss Emily Vysc

was united in marriage with Edmund Berton

Lyon. The pair took their places at an altar

which had been arranged in the parlor, and the

ceremony was performed by the Rev. Thoma

ceremony was performed by the Rev. Thomas J. Ducey of St. Leo's Church, this city. The bride was attended by Miss Belle Vyse, her sister, and William Busk was best man. The bride was gowned in Ivory sath trimmed with point lace, and her veil, a family helricom, was of point lace. She wore diamonds and carried a bouquet of white roses. The maid of honor wore white pompadour trimmed with chiffon and carried pink roses.

Welch-Dyckman,

Miss Fannie Fredericka Dyckman and Alex

ander McMilian Welch were married yesterday

afternoon at the home of the bride's parents

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac M. Dyckman, at Kings

bridge. The Rev. George S Payson of Inwood

bridge. The Rev. George S. Payson of Inwood performed the ceremony. The ushers were I. H. Odell. Robert D. Kohn, George O. Totten, Ir., and William W. Hall. The maid of honor was Miss Alberta M. Welch, sister of the bridegroom. The bridesmaids were Misses Edna Brown, Sadie Shotta, Julia Clyde, and Maud Morse. About 700 guests attended the reception which followed the ceremony.

Ager-Snowden.

Robert Bayard Snowden o bourne, Brooklyn, was married yesterday after-

noon to Dr. Louis Ager of Bay Ridge, son of the

Hev. Dr. Ager of Brooklyn. The wedding took place in St. Jude's Protestant Episcopal Church, Blythebourne, of which the bride's father is

rector. The ceremony was performed by Mr Snowden and Dr. Ager.

Pooler Paddock.

were married yesterday at noon at the home o

Miss Frances Meyers, only daughter of Mr

and Mrs. Henry Meyers of 110 East Ninety-

second street, was married last evening at the

BRITISH EMBARGO ON CATTLE.

Vala Efforts to Secure Exemption for Cana

dian Animais.

LONDON, June 2,-In the House of Commons

to-day the Diseases of Animals bill was taken

neasure, their aim being to except colonial and

up, and several amendments were oftered to the

Soston Men to Be Entertained in London

London, June 2. The Ancient and Honorable

Artillery Company of London are preparing

their programme for the entertainment of th

Ancient and Honorable Artillery of Roston upon the coming visit of the latter organization. The programme will probably include the presence of the visitors at the Henley regatta.

British Consuls in Venezuela.

London, June 2. In the House of Commons

to-day Mr. George N. Carzon, in answer to

questions, said that none of the British Con-

sular offices in Venezuela is held by Americans,

In the selection of such officers, he said, preference was always given to British subjects if they porsessed the necessary qualifications.

Miss Evelyn Salisbury Snowden, daughter of

WE MOURN OUR LOSS.

Yesterday we bought Married in Washington to the Son of Gen a quantity of business suits P. Watt Hardin of Kentucky-The Prest-dent and His Cabinet Present - Gifts from Senators and Foreign Ministers. from a prominent firm of wholesale manufacturers, WASHINGTON, June 2. - The marriage of Miss on which they lost Julia Scott Stevenson, second daughter of the Vice-President, to the Rev. Martin D. Hardin,

a lot of money. on of Gen. P. Watt Hardin of Kentucky, took The epitaph at the clace at Sig o'clock this evening at the New head of this ad. was inscribed on the bill The chancel of the church was set with palms, interspersed with white roses. The by one of the facetious partners ushers were Woodward Longmoor and Richard of that wholesale house. Itill of Kentucky, Carl Voorman of Baltimore, Come in and see the Suits. George Hamlin of Boston, Capt. Bromwell, United States Engineer Corps, and Walter Wil-Mostly Sacks.

cox of Washington. Among those who wit-nessed the ceremony were the President and Some "Jim Dandy" values among them. Mrs. Cleveland, the Secretary of State and Mrs. Olney, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Many of these Suits Carlisle, the Secretary of War, the Attorney-General and Mrs. and Miss Harmon, Postmaswere "Drummers' samples -the best tor-General William A. Wilson, Secretary and Miss Herbert, Secretary and Miss Morton, the the house had.

British Ambassador, Lady Pauncefote and the 200 of these at Misses Pauncefote, the Brazilian Minister and each store Mme, de Mendonca, besides many others couon separate tables. At the appointed hour the ushers formed in Ask the salesman for them. pairs, preceding the bridal party. The brides-· What Brill Brothers advertise is so.' din, Miss Julia Scott, and Miss Julia Hardin.

Brill Brothers Outlitters to Men. 279 Broadway, Near Chambers 47 Cortlandt, Near Greenwich. STORES 211 Sixth Ave., Near 14th St.

Shoes, Hats and Furnishings. GREECE WANTS CRETE.

The Annexation of the Island Is Favored by the Government and People.

President. She is an exceptionally handsome girl, tall, dark-haired, and dark-eyed, and is thought by many to resemble Mrs. Cleveland. Her gown was of white ivory satin, trimmed with chiffon on the high-necked bodies, which was held by small clusters of orange blossoms. Two sprays of orange blossoms with a diamond star, which was a present from her parents, held the tulle veil in place. The bouquet was of white roses and lilies of the valley.

The bridegroom, with his brother, Charles Hardin, who was best man, met the bride at the chancel, and the Rev. Dr. Radcliffe performed the ceremony. After the ceremony there was a reception at the Normandie. Fringes of white roses and ferns and an elaborate setting of paims decorated the rooms.

The bridai pair started on an evening train for their home in Howling Green, Ky., where Mr. Hardin has charge of a shurch, although his studies in the miniatry are not yet complete. After a year they will go abroad, and he will finish his college work in Scotland.

Among the relatives of the couple present at the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stevenson of Bloomington, Ill., who are the guests of Mrs. Matthew Scott: Gov. and Mrs. Proctor Enott of Kentucky, Mrs. Magoffin Hardin. Among the presents received by the young bride was a silver service from the members of the Senate, a massive silver pitcher, initably inscribed, from the Illinois Gergins delegation. Gen. and Mrs. Harfit, the bridegroom's parents, gave their daughter-in-law abrougham and a pair of horses, which await her in her new home. The Law are minister and Mme. Romero gave "silver teaservice, each piece being inscribed, with the bride's monogram. The present from the Chinese Minister was a roll of white 'rocaded satin. London, June 2.-The Vienna correspondent f the Dody News telegraphs that he learns from Athens that the Greek nation, the Govrnment, and the Crown Prince all favor the annexation of the island of Crete by Greece. Such favorable chance as the present one is not likely to recur. The King, however, would do anything rather than offend Russia, but nevertheless he cannot long resist the will of the na-tion. His abdication is hinted at. The Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs were closeted with the King for hours to-day. There are many indications that the recent inaction of the Government will be abandoned.

The Daily News has also a despatch direct rom Athens which gives further details of the critical situation in Crete. It says that Turks are pillaging and burning the villages around Ltimo. Seventy-five Turkish soldiers were killed and forty wounded in the recent fighting at Tsavaro and Vamos.

BRITISH TEMPERANCE WOMEN. Mearty Welcome Extended to Miss Frances E. Willard.

LONDON, June 2.-Queen's Hall, London, was crowded last evening when the twentieth an-nual Council of the British Women's Temperice Association met. Agnes Weston presided and extended a hearty welcome to Miss Frances Willard, President of the World's W. C. T. U., who was loudly cheered when she appeared upon the platform.

Miss Willard delivered a brief address, in

which she declared that the growth of temperance and the Christian Gospel were concurrent. Lady Henry Somerset, the President of the British Women's Temperance Association, delivered her Presidential address. She said that in some of the London hospitals the testimony is steadily in favor of eliminating alcoholic beverages from hospital practice. She talked about early Saturday night closing and the ex-tension of the W. C. T. U. work in America, Ireland, Great Britain, and other parts of Eu-

reland, Great Fritain, and other parts of Europe.

The President also said that the Scottish
Christian Temperance Union, which has a membership of 1,400 and includes sixty branch societies, has sent out an admirable betition urging
arbitration, in which it presses the advisability
of concluding some treaty arrangement by
which all disputes between Great Britain and
the United States may be referred for adjudication to some tribunal representing both nations,
and uniting them in the common interest of
justice and peace.

TRANSVAAL PRISONERS. The Four Leaders Will Be Beleased in a

LONDON, June 2.-Mr. J. B. Robinson, the South African millionaire, to-day received a cable despatch from Pretoria saying that the leaders of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, who are under sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment, their former death sentences having been commuted, will be released in a few days.

MR. RHODES IN BULAWAYO.

Miss Annie Gordon Paddock and Louis James He Will Be Entertained at a Banquet Pooler, son of Dr. and Mrs. Hiram A. Pooler, There on Thursday. BULAWAYO, June 2.-Mr. Cecil Rhodes has arthe bride's mother, Mrs. Franklin A. Paddock rived here and met with an extremely cordial of 17 West Tenth street. The ceremony was reception. He will be entertained at a banquet performed by Archbishop Corrigan. There were no bridesmalds. Miss Mabel Chonte was the maid of honor. After the ceremony there was a wedding breakfast. here on June 4.

Won't Adjourn for Berby Day,

LONDON, June 2.- In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Philip A. Muntz, Conservative, member for the Tamworth division of Warwickshire, moved that the House adjourn over to-morrow (Berby day). The motion was re-jected by a vote of 199 to 58.

This is the fourth time that the House has refused to adhere to its custom of adjourning in order that the members might attend the great racing event on Epsom Downs. Brunswick Hotel to Isaac S. Sanger, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sanger of Waco, Tex. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Joseph Silverman of Emanu-El Temple. Cholera in Egypt.

> Carno, June 2 .- There were on Monday thirtyfive deaths from cholera here and five at Alexandria.
>
> The chief leaders of the riot here yesterday, growing out of the scare occasioned by the cholera, were killed when the police fired on the

THREE TIRED OF LIFE.

measure, their aim being to except colonial and especially Canadian cattle from the regulations requiring imported animals to be slaughtered at their ports of landing. These amendments were successively opposed by the Government and finally rejected.

Mr. Walter Long, President of the Board of Agriculture, maintained that all of the evidence at the disposal of the Board of Agriculture had proved that Canadian cattle were tainted with pleuro-pneumonia. Although this was disputed in Canadia, he said the opinion of the English experts that pleuro-pneumonia was present in Canadian cattle remained unaltered. Saloon Reeper and a Teacher Shoot Themselves and . Vagrant Hauge Himself. Stephen L. Hanlon of 315 East Forty-first street shot himself dead in the restaurant annex of his saloon at 622 Second avenue, at Thirty-fourth street, yesterday morning. Hanlon was behind in his rent five months and had agreed to transfer his stock, fixtures, and lease to A. J. Curry, owner of the business block in which the saloon is situated. Hanion also owed Curry for part payment of his liquor tax certificate. The rear part of the saloon was opened as a hotel on Sunday, but trade was poor, and Hanlon expressed gloomy dissatisfacpoor, and Hanlon expressed gloomy dissatisfaction at his ill luck to his bartender, M. J. Smyth. At 1 o'clock yesterday morning the saloon was closed, and after an interim of two days it was to pass into the possession of Landlord Curry. The two days were to be used in "taking stock" and selling upon a balance or basis of final settlement. Hanlon was at the saloon early, and soon after, Curry and his prospective bartender. Michael Naughton, arrived, The three men began to schedule the saloon property and discuss the details of the transfer.

Without any intimation of his purpose, Hanlon suddenly went into the restaurant part of his saloon and shot himself through the head with an old-style Smith & Wesson revolver. He was found dead between two tables. His age was it.

Philip Valentine Schuckmann 35 years old

there is matters pertaining to railroad lilistory and construction and had one of the best railroad libraries in the United States. He had stroke of paralysis in 1803, and since that time has practically retired from hadsiness.

With an old-style Smith & Wesson revolver, He was found dead between two tables. His age was 1.

Philip Valentine Schuckmann, 35 years old, committed suicide some time during Monday morning at her New York home, 6 West Eighted and the result of the late Major Gen. Richard Delafield, Chief of Engineers, U. S. A., and Harriet Raidwin Covington of San Francisco.

Thomas I. Harrett, President of the Bank of Kentucky, fled in Louisville yesterday. He was 11 years old, and had been the President of the bank since 1885. He was one of the richest men in the State.

But Trolley Receipts in Brooklyn.

The gross receipts of the Brooklyn Heights Raifroad Company for the eleven months ending May 31 were \$4.022,016.92, an increase of \$277,418,04 over the corresponding period last year.

The day of the Brooklyn Heights Raifroad Company for the eleven months ending May 31 were \$4.022,016.92, an increase of \$277,418,04 over the corresponding period last year.

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists, 28c.

Keep's Waist Sale

We have finished our regular waist business, and with gratifying results. Now we want the space for other goods. The waists must go at once. The price of every waist has been cut, there are no reservations. Sizes 30 to 44 in after the beautiful finds himself enmeshed nearly every style. These waists are all new and up to date. They are regular goods and were not made up for this sale. If you want liberty who spent a jolly evening and all their any of them, better look sharp. The stock won't last long.

52 Lawn and Percale now 95c. \$2.50 Irish Dimity now 1.67. \$2.50 English Lawn and Oxford now 1.67. \$3.75 Scotch Zephyr now 2.85.

Keep Afg. Company, Broadway, bet. 11th & 12th Sts.

SUAREZ VALDEZ DEFEATED.

800 Men-Valdez Wounded. HAVANA, June 2.-Heavy showers have been falling throughout the island, and these have had the effect of preventing military movements. No reports of engagements have been received to-day.

HAVANA, May 20.-Reports have been re ceived of a battle which occurred at the junction of the districts of Caigaunabo and Las Lajas in the province of Pinar del Rio on May 25. On the 24th inst., Gen. Suarez Valdez moved out from the city of Pinar del Rio with a column of troops to attack Gens. Maceo and Perico Diaz, who were encamped on the hills near Consolacion del Sur. The insurgente position was in the form of a triangle and they were well interpreted Consolacion del Sur. The insurgenta' position was in the form of a triangle and they were well intrenched.

On the morning of the 25th at daybreak Gen. Suarez Vaidez marched from Consolacion del Sur to Las Lajas, where the principal part of the fight occurred. Gen. Vaidez entered between the lines of the insurgents, going toward the small end of the triangle. When the battle began the insurgents opened fire on him from the points of the triangle. Gen. Vaidez was obliged to retire immediately to Consolacion del Sur. His retreat occupied about five hours. He managed to cover his retreat with his cannon, so that his force was not surrounded. From Consolacion del Sur he continued his retreat to Pinar del Rio.

It is learned that there were between 300 and 400 of the Spanish troops killed and wounded, among the number being Gen. Suarez Vaidez, who received two wounds. Gen, Vaidez is a nephew of Romero Robledo, former Minister of Justice in Spain.

The Spanish reports published of this battle are that thirty-nine insurgents were killed and twenty-seven Spanish troops wounded; and they also report that from a countryman they have learned that there were 130 insurgents wounded, who are being cared for near the field of battle.

On May 23 Gens. Weyler, Ahumada, Ochan-

have learned that there were 130 insurgents wounded, who are being cared for near the field of battle.

On May 23 Gens. Weyler, Ahumada, Ochando, and others went to Mariel to inspect the trocha. It has been learned that there is insubordination and great discontent among the regular troops in the trocha. The troops complain that they receive no pay, very poor food, are compelled to sleep in the open air, and are terribly ill treated by their officers.

The movements of the insurgents are a great strain on them. Different companies of insurgents are making attacks on them day and night, so that the whole line is kept continually on the qui vire. There is a telegraph and telephone line along the whole trocha, so that when there is an attack at one end word is immediately sent over the whole line. This keeps all of the men constantly on the alert. There are over fifty new cases of yellow fever daily among the troops on the trocha.

Two companies of regular Spanish troops on the trocha have gone over to the insurgents.

After leaving Camajuani, in the province of Santa Clara, Gen, Gomez encamped in Manaquita de Capirote, where he distributed a large quantity of cartridges to his forces. From there he went to the vicinity of Santa Clara, where he distributed cartridges to his forces in that locality.

le distributed cartridges to his forces in that locality.

The dissatisfaction with Weyler's management of the campaign is increasing among the Spanlards daily. They now call him the "old setting hen." They say he goes out for an airing now and then, but immediately returns to his neet.

SENOR DE LOME PROTESTS.

He Was Aggrieved by the Cuban Flag in Our Decoration Day Parade. LONDON, June 2.- The Merning Post will tomorrow publish a despatch from Madrid saying that Sefior De Lome, the Spanish Minister, has protested to the American Government against the parading of the Cuban flag in a procession in New York on May 30.

One of the features of the Memorial Day parade on last Saturday was a company of Cuban soldiers. They were mixed, white and colored. They carried the flag of the Cuban natriots, flanked on either side by the Stars and Stripes. They wore light brown uniforms and soft white hats. The crowds surrounding the reviewing stands in Madison square gave them an enthusiastic reception.

A Petition in Congress for Capt. Wiborg. Washington, June 2 .- Congressman Woodman of Chicago has secured the signatures of man of Chicago has secured the signatures of forty-eight Senators and 180 Representatives to the petition addressed to the President requesting the pardon of Capt. Wiborg of the steamship Horsa, who was convicted recently in the United States District Court of Pennsylvania for a violation of the neutrality laws. Similar petitions are circulating among the business men of Chicago and New York.

Help for St. Louis If She Needs It. Mayor Strong telegraphed yesterday to a firm of bankers in East St. Louis, authorizing them of bankers in East St. Louis, authorizing them to draw on him to the extent of \$500 for the benefit of the sufferers in that place. The Board of Aidermen at its meeting yesterday instructed President Jeroloman to appoint a committee of seven to take steps toward sending aid to the sufferers and to report at the next meeting. The committee consists of Mr. Jeroloman and Aldermen Oleott, Goodman, Wines, Wund, Goodwin, and Brown. After the meeting of the Board the committee called on Mayor Strong. It was there decided to do nothing until Mayor Walbridge sanctions the requests of the St. Louis Common Council and the charitable institutions of that city.

Two Arrests in a Malpractice Case Bertha Schroeder, a midwife, of 318 East Fifty-sixth street was arrested last night on suspicion as a result of inquiries in the case of Florence Rembert of 343 West Twenty-second street. The Rembert woman died last night of a criminal operation performed on May 27.

A ruddy-faced main, who were diamends in his shirt front, was held in \$1,000 ball in Jefferson Market Court yesterday afternoon on suspicion of being responsible for the woman's condition.

He described himself as Charles Hansen, a sallor, of 54 Court street, Brooklyn.

Waltham Watches

are always guaranteed to be free from any defect in material or construction. The makers particularly recommend the movementsengraved with either of the trade marks "RIVERSIDE" or "ROYAL." Made in various sizes for ladies and gentlemen. and for sale by all retail jewelers.

WEDDING AT CUBA'S FAIR.

MRS. BILL GOING TO BE AN ANGEL, IF SHE ISN'T ONE ALREADY.

Princess Maraquita Served with Pa pers in a Suit for Separation - Gentle Breasts at the Women's Congress Ruffled M. Taine, when he wanted an instructive conrast to what he called the Amost machine-like romen of England, went not to his own country, but to women of Spanish blood, for his illustration of supple, graceful, delightful movement. And the managers of the Cuban Fair at Madison Square Garden, wanting to delight the public eye in order to get at the people's purse, have put forward these same women of Spanish descent, whose very walk in the Garden mazes lures within a booth, where he is divested of his worldly possessions and left to ponder the mysteries of mammon. At least, so found it more than a few of the very large number of seekers of the beautiful and incidental lovers of loose change at the fair last night.

For the Cuban women who are there working for Cuba Libre have kept the Spanish beauty while they have renounced allegiance to Spain, and they use it, like all their gifts, for the cause

At 816 o'clock last night the floor of the amphitheatre was alive with a moving, wriggling aggregation of human beings, in which men's straw hate and women's glistening shoulders stood out, reflecting the light from group beyond group as the different parties wormed their way about the hall.

An hour later the straw hats were fewer on the floor, and in the booths and about the gal-leries the men under them were sacrificing their incomes to make the bounds of freedom wider yet.

An hour after that they were counting what they had left in their pockets, and the fair workers, with much satisfaction, were counting what the devoted friends of Cuba Libre had

workers, with much satisfaction, were counting what the devoted friends of Cuba Libre had left at the fair.

Money, however, is not all that has been left at the fair. A dark-eyed witch of the fortune-telling booth was deploring last night one of her conquests that has been causing her more perturbation than it has added wealth to the coffers of the Cubans. "Just look at him." she moaned, pointing to a youth in the balcony above: "that one in the gray suit up there. To-night he's fairly hoodoed me. He came here early in the fair and had his fortune told, and he then began to write letters to me. Finally he sent a note saying if I wouldn't marry him he would commit suicide. I got that yesterday, and last night he came for my answer. I sent him away with some sound advice, and when I went to my carriage there he was again. I slapped him—I had to—and slammed the carriage door in his face. And now to-night he's just sat up there and gloomed at me all the evening."

When the reporter departed the youth in gray was still in his seat gazing down at the gypsy.

One of the points sought out by many of last night, svisitors was the Red Cross booth, where Mrs. Lee Villard Hill was.

The fair paper had published a note to the effect that she had been married to Dr. Albert Sydney Angel, who is in the booth with her. The ceremony was a civil one, the paper said, and was performed yesterday afternoon, and was to be followed by a religious ceremony to-morrow.

Mrs. Hill said at first that it was true, but

was to be followed by a religious ceremony tomorrow.

Mrs. Hill said at first that it was true, but
later she said it wouldn't be true until to-morrow. "Dr. Angel and I are old friends," she
said, "and we thought that we might as well go
to Cuba together. We shall be married on
Thursday at 3 P. M. in front of the sanitary
booth, and I hope that Dr. Houghton will perform the ceremony.

"The marriage will take place under the Stars
and Stripes, the union jack, the Cuban flag,
and the flag of the ambulance corps. We
shall be in full uniform, Dr. Angel in that of
the French hospital service, French blue with
the white arm band and scarlet cross, and I in
the nurse's costume I've worn all through the
fair.

"One medding investigation will have a simple stars."

the nurse's costaine.

"Our wedding journey will begin when we leave for Cuba, salling day not set. Miss Kitty Rathbone will be maid of honor and Dr. Henry Rendler best man. Raphael Navarro, the Treas-Fendler best man. Raphael Navarro, the Treasurer of the sanitary corps, will give me away."

Mrs. Hill, who has monopolized horors in some ways during the Iair, had to share them sat night with the Princess Maraquits of the gypsy booth. The Princess, otherwise Mrs. Margaret Quinby, wife of Edwin R. Quinby, was served on Monday night with a notice of a suit for separation begun against her by her husband. The alleged ground is desertion, Mrs. Quinby said last night, adding that the notice was thrust into her hand while she was in the booth on Monday night. Her husband, she said, was connected with the Empire City Subway Company, at 113 West Thirty-eighth street. They have lived at Mount Vernon.

might. Her husband, she said, was connected with the Empire City Subway Company, at 113 West Thirty-eighth street. They have lived at Mount Vernon.

"My husband and I had a quarrel some little time before the fair opened." she said. "He told me before a friend that I lied. Of course I couldn't stand that. Each year I have been in the babit of going to the home of my father. Judge-lennys of Troy, with my baby, and i made up my mind to go there this year and stay up. Howard bent himself over the handle purny my mind to go there this year and stay up. Howard bent himself over the handle har it got some money of my own from teaching drawing and came for me. I waited until I got some money of my own from teaching drawing and came for me. I waited until I got some money of my own from teaching drawing and came for me. I waited until I got some money of my own from teaching drawing and came to the stay of 142 West Forty-third street. She had decided to take a booth here, and I hought it would be a good thing to come here with her, as I had told fortunes at charity fairs before. Baby and listayed at her house, and I told my husband to come here with her as I had told fortunes at charity fairs before. Baby and listayed at her house, and I told my husband to come there and she was unable to punish them more sentered and see us if he wanted to, although I had written him that I was going home and that if we had made a mistake it was best we should part. I wrote that he knew I had loved him, and if he loved me he would come after me. He came to the house and got the baby and sent him to his family at Rochester and then sold my furniture at Mt. Vernon.

"Then he began this enit. He has money and friends, and he said I couldn't do snything, as I hadn't. But I went to Howe & Hummel, and they said I should have my haby back. That's all I want, but if I must have him to have the baby, why, I'll have him, too."

Then he began this enit. He has money and friends, and he said there may be published and the papers read by the congr

and that the large outside world of thought is the poorer.

There is no esoteric nonsense about the Con-gress. Everything said there may be published anywhere and there will be no complaints. Probably the reporters didn't understand this: but they have been made to understand very plainly that the Congress is not satisfied with their reports.

The names of some of them—they were wo-men too.—were read out in necting on Monday men, too were read out in meeting on Monday, and such of them as were there were informed that the Congress was displeased with their

work.
Last night another of them—a woman, too—was informed that she must leave the hall, and that if she did not she would be invited by name to do so. She did not wait for the formal invitation. As yet, such of the reporters as are men have, so far as they know, escaped censure.

The Pennsylvania Company's Meeting. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 2.—The annual meet-Company was held here to-day. The report for the year ended Dec. 31, covering the northwest system, shows a total revenue of \$2,220,604. The profits were \$947,034, against a loss in the previous year of \$687,470, a gain of \$1,634,510. The principal railroads in the northwest system overed by the annual report show the following results: Pittsburgh, Fort. Wayne and Chicago Raliway, a profit of \$35,533, aminst a loss in previous year of \$1,381,633, being a comparative gain of \$1,317,187; Cleveland and Pittsburgh Raliway, a profit of \$342,000, against a loss in the previous year of \$55,452, a comparative gain of \$398,352; Erie and Pittsburgh Raliroad, a profit of \$7,524, against a loss in the previous year of \$55,212, a comparative gain of \$393,730.

The following directors were cleaved. George

The following directors were elected: George B. Roberts, Frank Thomson, John P. Green, Henry D. Welsh, W. H. Barnes, Amos R. Little, N. P. Shortridge, Charles E. P. Pagh, and Samuel Rea of Philadelphia: James McCrea, J. T. Brooks, John E. Davidson, and Joseph Wood of Pittsburgh.

UNPARALLELED INDUCEMENTS OFFERED AT RECEIVER'S SALE -OF-

WEBER PIANOS

BIC DISCOUNTS FROM FORMER PRICES.

The last chance to secure one of the lead, inc planes of the world at a nominal price. WILLIAM FOSTER

AS Temporary Receiver of WEBER PIANO COMPANY, 108 5TH AV., COIL WEST 16TH ST.

No Beggarly Lots

SWEPT FROM JOB LOT COUNTERS, BUT SPICK AND SPAN BRILLIANTS, FROM THE FOREMOST MILLS FOR EXCLUSIVE TRADE. TROUSERINGS IN PLAIDS, CHECKS, INVISIBLE STRIPES AND BROKEN EFFECTS.

Burnham & Phillips.

EXCLUSIVELY CUSTOM TAILORS. Temple Court 119 Nassau St Bannock Sack Sults, 825.

Silk Woven Ventings, 86,50 to 88,50, English Serges, 830. Blevelo Salta 812

CHIEF CROKER'S SIDE OF IT. He Hays He Wasn't Intextented and Didn's

Run Down Bleyellst Rozzelle. W. F. Rozzelle, the wheelman who said on Monday night that he had been run down by Fire Chief Edward F. Croker at Eighth avenue and Twenty-sixth street, and who alleged that Mr. Croker had struck him with his whip, and had defied Policeman Frank Miller of the Nineteenth precinct to arrest him, did not carry out his expressed intention of preferring charges against Croker and Miller yesterday. Inspector Harley, in whose district the Nineteenth precinct is, read about the case in the morning papers, and expected to see Mr. Rozzelle bound into his office at any moment during the day. Mr. Hozzelle did not bound, inspector Harley will investigate the case on the strength of what was printed in the newspapers if Mr. Rozzelle does not make a complaint.

plaint.

As soon as Mr. Croker read the newspaper accounts of the accident he wrote a report of it for Chief Bonner. This report was as fol-

As soon as Mr. Croker read the newspaper accounts of the accident he wrote a report of it for Chief Bonner. This report was as follows:

"I respectfully forward this statement in relation to articles which appeared in the morning papers. I left my reddence in company with my wife at about 7½ o'clock P. M., and drove down Eighth avenue to between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, after Mr. Boty and his wife. In turning my team around to go through Twenty-aixth streets, after diverged three bicycles coming up Eighth avenue. "One of them attempted to pass my horses and his wheel struck the car track, throwing him. I did not stop as I had planty of room to pass, and in turning the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-sixth street I was invited to get out of my wagon by the other gentleman on a bleyele to have my 'God damned head broke.' At the same moment the gentleman who claimed that I had run him down took hold of the horses' heads, and when I told him to let go he refused to do so. I struck the horses with the whip to make him let go, which he did. I proceeded through Twenty-sixth street and between Sixth and Seventh avenues I was stopped by a policeman and a bicyclist, who wanted to knock my dammed head off. He told the policeman I had run his friend down, but admitted that none in the party was injured in any way, shape, or manner. I did not attempt to run away or 'lash' my horses up Sixth avenue or any other avenue, but gave my card to one of the gentlemen and to the policeman, who was a stranger to me. I also would state that the charges in the press are positive falsehoods. Very respectfully.

"EDWARD F. CROKER, Chief of Battailon."

This was all that was known about the matter at Fire Headquariers. Mr. Croker said that Policeman Miller did his full duty in the case. Mr. Croker was emphatic in his denial of the charge that he was intoxicated, and added to his denial the statement that he had never in his life been under the influence of liquor. It is not thought that Rozzelie will press his charges.

THREE SCORCHERS FINED \$10 EACH Magistrate Simms Sorry He Couldn't Pun-ish Them More Severely.

Policeman Schuessler of the bicycle corps. who holds the police record for speed, ar-raigned three scorchers in Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning. The first prisoner was Thomas Adams of 145 West Ninetyeighth street. He led the policeman a chase from Thirty-second to Forty-fourth street before he was overtaken. Bernard Howard of

WHEELING ON THE TOWPATHS. uperlatendent Aldridge Opens 622 Miles

of Sidepaths to Cyclists. ALBANY, June 2.-Superintendent of Public Works George W. Aldridge, who more than a year ago suggested the possibility of utilizing the towpath along the line of the New York State canals for bicycle purposes, still believes that the towpath could be made the best bloycle path to be found anywhere, and he believes that it can be used by wheelmen without in any

way interfering with navigation, Superintendent Aldridge has issued orders to superintendent Aidridge has issued orders to the superintendents of repairs along the whole whole line of the canals to do what they can to place the banks in condition for wheeling purposes without Interfering in any way with their regular duties. In carrying out these orders the superintendents will be working in the interests of the regular patrons of the canals, since they mean better roadways for the banking teams. In making the extensive improvements under the \$80,000,000 if Mr. Aldridge believes that if the wheeling interests be regarded the banks can be put in such shape as will make them equal to clader paths purposely constructed for wheelmen. This is a matter that the present experiment may have some bearing on. Heretofore wheelmen who have used the towpath of the canals have been looked upon as larcas passers. The superintendent's order to his subordinates on this point is of such a nature that the wheelmen will be looked upon as having rights. The order practically amounts to throwing open to the wheelmen of the distance these tow paths. For much of the distance these tow paths form the only level stretch of road through that section of the State where they pass, and the country traversel by them is by far the most picturesque to be found in the State. the superintendents of repairs along the whole

Bleycles and Dogs.

The directors of the New York Bay Cemetery, in the Greenville section of Jersey City, at a recent meeting decided that dogs should not be cent meeting decided that dogs should not be admitted inside of the gates. At the same time it was decided that beyeles are a source of danger to pedestrians and should also be excluded. As a result of these deliberations a big sign has been nothed up over the main entrance on which is inscribed in large letters;

"Bicycles and Dogs Not Admitted."

Fell from a Wheel and Broke Her Anklo. ELBERON, N. J., June ?.-Mrs. Boudoin, daughter of the late Thomas H. Hutter of New York,

who is massing the summer at the "Villa Re-naud." formerly the Fiberon Castno, fell while mounting ner wheel in front of her home yes-terda; afterneon and broke her ankle. The Weather,

The thermometer at the United States Weather Bureau recuried the temperature yesterday as follows: